SECOND REGULAR SESSION [P E R F E C T E D]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 718

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR KENNEDY.

Offered February 12, 2008.

Senate Substitute adopted, February 18, 2008.

Taken up for Perfection February 18, 2008. Bill declared Perfected and Ordered Printed, as amended.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.105, 135.815, 135.967, 620.495, 620.1878, and 620.1881, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to certain programs administered by the department of economic development.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.105, 135.815, 135.967, 620.495, 620.1878, and

- 2 620.1881, RSMo, are repealed and seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 32.105, 135.681, 135.815, 135.967, 620.495, 620.1878, and
- 4 620.1881, to read as follows:

32.105. As used in sections 32.100 to 32.125, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Affordable housing assistance activities", money, real or personal
- 3 property, or professional services expended or devoted to the construction, or
- 4 rehabilitation of affordable housing units;
- 5 (2) "Affordable housing unit", a residential unit generally occupied by
- 6 persons and families with incomes at or below the levels described in this
- subdivision and bearing a cost to the occupant no greater than thirty percent of
- 8 the maximum eligible household income for the affordable housing unit. In the
- 9 case of owner-occupied units, the cost to the occupant shall be considered the
- 10 amount of the gross monthly mortgage payment, including casualty insurance,
- 11 mortgage insurance, and taxes. In the case of rental units, the cost to the
- 12 occupant shall be considered the amount of the gross rent. The cost to the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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occupant shall include the cost of any utilities, other than telephone. If any 13 14 utilities are paid directly by the occupant, the maximum cost that may be paid by the occupant is to be reduced by a utility allowance prescribed by the 15 16 commission. Persons or families are eligible occupants of affordable housing units 17 if the household combined, adjusted gross income as defined by the commission is equal to or less than the following percentages of the median family income for 18 19 the geographic area in which the residential unit is located, or the median family 20 income for the state of Missouri, whichever is larger; ("geographic area" means the metropolitan area or county designated as an area by the federal Department 2122 of Housing and Urban Development under Section 8 of the United States Housing 23 Act of 1937, as amended, for purposes of determining fair market rental rates):

Percent of State or

Geographic Area Family

26	Size of Household	Median Income
27	One Person	5%
28	Two Persons	40%
29	Three Persons	45%
30	Four Persons	50%
31	Five Persons	54%
32	Six Persons	58%
33	Seven Persons	62%
34	Eight Persons	66%

- (3) "Business firm", person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, including any charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under such chapter, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, RSMo, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, RSMo, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state;
 - (4) "Commission", the Missouri housing development commission;
- 48 (5) "Community services", any type of counseling and advice, emergency 49 assistance or medical care furnished to individuals or groups in the state of 50 Missouri or transportation services at below-cost rates as provided in sections

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- 208.250 to 208.275, RSMo; 51
- 52 (6) "Crime prevention", any activity which aids in the reduction of crime 53 in the state of Missouri;
- 54 (7) "Defense industry contractor", a person, corporation or other entity 55 which will be or has been negatively impacted as a result of its status as a prime contractor of the Department of Defense or as a second or third tier contractor. 56 A "second tier contractor" means a person, corporation or other entity which 57 contracts to perform manufacturing, maintenance or repair services for a prime 58 contractor of the Department of Defense, and a "third tier contractor" means a 59 60 person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a prime contractor of the Department of 61 62 Defense;
- 63 (8) "Doing business", among other methods of doing business in the state 64 of Missouri, a partner in a firm or a shareholder in an S corporation shall be 65 deemed to be doing business in the state of Missouri if such firm or S corporation, 66 as the case may be, is doing business in the state of Missouri;
- (9) "Economic development", the acquisition, renovation, improvement, or the furnishing or equipping of existing buildings and real estate in distressed or 68 blighted areas of the state when such acquisition, renovation, improvement, or 70 the furnishing or equipping of the business development projects will result in the creation or retention of jobs within the state; or, until June 30, 1996, a defense 71 conversion pilot project located in a standard metropolitan statistical area which 72contains a city with a population of at least three hundred fifty thousand 73 inhabitants, which will assist Missouri-based defense industry contractors in 74their conversion from predominately defense-related contracting to 76 nondefense-oriented manufacturing. Only neighborhood organizations, as defined 77 in subdivision (13) of this section, may apply to conduct economic development 78 projects. Prior to the approval of an economic development project, the 79 neighborhood organization shall enter into a contractual agreement with the 80 department of economic development. Credits approved for economic development projects may not exceed [four] six million dollars from within any one fiscal 82 year's allocation[, except that for fiscal years 2005, 2006, and 2007 credits 83 approved for economic development projects shall not exceed six million 84 dollars]. Neighborhood assistance program tax credits for economic development projects and affordable housing assistance as defined in section 32.111 may be 86 transferred, sold or assigned by a notarized endorsement thereof naming the transferee;
 - (10) "Education", any type of scholastic instruction or scholarship

- 89 assistance to an individual who resides in the state of Missouri that enables the
- 90 individual to prepare himself or herself for better opportunities or community
- 91 awareness activities rendered by a statewide organization established for the
- 92 purpose of archeological education and preservation;
- 93 (11) "Homeless assistance pilot project", the program established pursuant
- 94 to section 32.117;
- 95 (12) "Job training", any type of instruction to an individual who resides
- 96 in the state of Missouri that enables the individual to acquire vocational skills so
- 97 that the individual can become employable or be able to seek a higher grade of
- 98 employment;
- 99 (13) "Neighborhood organization", any organization performing community
- 100 services or economic development activities in the state of Missouri and:
- 101 (a) Holding a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service of the United
- 102 States Department of the Treasury that the organization is exempt from income
- 103 taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- (b) Incorporated in the state of Missouri as a not-for-profit corporation
- 105 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 355, RSMo; or
- 106 (c) Designated as a community development corporation by the United
- 107 States government pursuant to the provisions of Title VII of the Economic
- 108 Opportunity Act of 1964;
- 109 (14) "Physical revitalization", furnishing financial assistance, labor,
- 110 material, or technical advice to aid in the physical improvement or rehabilitation
- 111 of any part or all of a neighborhood area;
- 112 (15) "S corporation", a corporation described in Section 1361(a)(1) of the
- 113 United States Internal Revenue Code and not subject to the taxes imposed by
- section 143.071, RSMo, by reason of section 143.471, RSMo;
- 115 (16) "Workfare renovation project", any project initiated pursuant to
- 116 sections 215.340 to 215.355, RSMo.
 - 135.681. 1. The director of the department of economic
 - 2 development or the director's designee shall issue letter rulings
 - regarding the tax credit program authorized under section 135.680,
 - 4 subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. The
 - 5 director of the department of economic development may impose
 - 6 additional terms and conditions consistent with this section to requests
 - 7 for letter rulings by regulation promulgated under chapter 536,
 - 8 RSMo. For the purposes of this section, the term "letter ruling" means
 - 9 a written interpretation of law to a specific set of facts provided by the
 - 10 applicant requesting a letter ruling.

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- 11 2. The director or director's designee shall respond to a request 12 for a letter ruling within sixty days of receipt of such request. The applicant may provide a draft letter ruling for the department's 13 consideration. The applicant may withdraw the request for a letter 14 ruling, in writing, prior to the issuance of the letter ruling. The 15 director or the director's designee may refuse to issue a letter ruling 16 for good cause, but must list the specific reasons for refusing to issue 17the letter ruling. Good cause includes, but is not limited to: 18
- 19 (1) The applicant requests the director to determine whether a 20 statute is constitutional or a regulation is lawful;
- 21 (2) The request involves a hypothetical situation or alternative 22 plans;
- 23 (3) The facts or issues presented in the request are unclear, 24 overbroad, insufficient, or otherwise inappropriate as a basis upon 25 which to issue a letter ruling; and
 - (4) The issue is currently being considered in a rulemaking procedure, contested case, or other agency or judicial proceeding that may definitely resolve the issue.
 - 3. Letter rulings shall bind the director and the director's agents and their successors until such time as the taxpayer or its shareholders, members, or partners, as applicable, claim all of such tax credits on a Missouri tax return, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in properly published regulations. The letter ruling shall apply only to the applicant.
 - 4. Letter rulings issued under the authority of this section shall not be a rule as defined in section 536.010, RSMo, in that it is an interpretation issued by the department with respect to a specific set of facts and intended to apply only to that specific set of facts, and therefore shall not be subject to the rulemaking requirements of chapter 536, RSMo.
- 5. Information in letter ruling requests as described in section 620.014, RSMo, shall be closed to the public. Copies of letter rulings shall be available to the public provided that the applicant identifying information and otherwise protected information is redacted from the letter ruling as provided in subsection 1 of section 610.024, RSMo.
- 135.815. 1. Prior to authorization of any tax credit application, an administering agency shall verify through the department of revenue that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use taxes, or

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4 interest or penalties on such taxes, and through the department of insurance that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except that the amount of credits issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue or the department of insurance concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first 9 of any year, and the application of tax credits to such delinquency causes a tax 10 deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall be granted 11 thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and additions to 12tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits towards a tax delinquency, 13 the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department, and that 14 department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the 15 applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and 16 17use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the applicant, 18 subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law.

2. Any applicant of a tax credit program contained in the definition of the term "all tax credit programs" who purposely and directly employs unauthorized aliens shall forfeit any tax credits issued to such applicant which have not been redeemed, and shall repay the amount of any tax credits redeemed by such applicant during the period of time such unauthorized alien was employed by the applican as used in this subsection, the term "unauthorized alien" shall mean an alien who does not have the legal right or authorization under federal law to work in the United States, as defined under 8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3).

135.967. 1. A taxpayer who establishes a new business facility may, upon approval by the department, be allowed a credit, each tax year for up to ten tax years, in an amount determined as set forth in this section, against the tax imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo. No taxpayer shall receive multiple ten-year periods for subsequent expansions at the same facility.

- 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer who establishes a new business facility in an enhanced enterprise zone and is awarded state tax credits under this section may not also receive tax credits under sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to 135.268, or section 135.535.
- 3. No credit shall be issued pursuant to this section unless:
- 12 (1) The number of new business facility employees engaged or maintained 13 in employment at the new business facility for the taxable year for which the 14 credit is claimed equals or exceeds two; and

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- 15 (2) The new business facility investment for the taxable year for which the 16 credit is claimed equals or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars.
- 17 4. The annual amount of credits allowed for an approved enhanced business enterprise shall be the lesser of: 18
- 19 (1) The annual amount authorized by the department for the enhanced 20 business enterprise, which shall be limited to the projected state economic benefit, as determined by the department; or 21
 - (2) The sum calculated based upon the following:
- 23 (a) A credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility employee employed within an enhanced enterprise zone; 24
- 25 (b) An additional credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility employee who is a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone; 26
- 27 (c) An additional credit of four hundred dollars for each new business 28 facility employee who is paid by the enhanced business enterprise a wage that 29 exceeds the average wage paid within the county in which the facility is located, 30 as determined by the department; and
- 31 (d) A credit equal to two percent of new business facility investment 32 within an enhanced enterprise zone.
 - 5. Prior to January 1, 2007, in no event shall the department authorize more than four million dollars annually to be issued for all enhanced business enterprises. After December 31, 2006, in no event shall the department authorize more than [fourteen] twenty-four million dollars annually to be issued for all enhanced business enterprises.
- 6. If a facility, which does not constitute a new business facility, is 38 39 expanded by the taxpayer, the expansion shall be considered eligible for the credit 40 allowed by this section if:
 - (1) The taxpayer's new business facility investment in the expansion during the tax period in which the credits allowed in this section are claimed exceeds one hundred thousand dollars and if the number of new business facility employees engaged or maintained in employment at the expansion facility for the taxable year for which credit is claimed equals or exceeds two, and the total number of employees at the facility after the expansion is at least two greater than the total number of employees before the expansion; and
- 48 (2) The taxpayer's investment in the expansion and in the original facility prior to expansion shall be determined in the manner provided in subdivision (14) of section 135.950.
- 51 7. The number of new business facility employees during any taxable year 52 shall be determined by dividing by twelve the sum of the number of individuals

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employed on the last business day of each month of such taxable year. If the new business facility is in operation for less than the entire taxable year, the number of new business facility employees shall be determined by dividing the sum of the number of individuals employed on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of such taxable year during which the new business facility was in operation by the number of full calendar months during such period. For the purpose of computing the credit allowed by this section in the case of a facility which qualifies as a new business facility under subsection 6 of this section, and in the case of a new business facility which satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of subdivision (14) of section 135.950, or subdivision (22) of section 135.950, the number of new business facility employees at such facility shall be reduced by the average number of individuals employed, computed as provided in this subsection, at the facility during the taxable year immediately preceding the taxable year in which such expansion, acquisition, or replacement occurred and shall further be reduced by the number of individuals employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer that was subsequently transferred to the new business facility from another Missouri facility and for which credits authorized in this section are not being earned, whether such credits are earned because of an expansion, acquisition, relocation, or the establishment of a new facility.

8. In the case where a new business facility employee who is a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone for less than a twelve-month period is employed for less than a twelve-month period, the credits allowed by paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 4 of this section shall be determined by multiplying four hundred dollars by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar days during the taxpayer's tax year for which such credits are claimed, in which the employee was a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone, and the denominator of which is three hundred sixty-five.

9. For the purpose of computing the credit allowed by this section in the case of a facility which qualifies as a new business facility pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, and in the case of a new business facility which satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of subdivision (14) of section 135.950 or subdivision (22) of section 135.950, the amount of the taxpayer's new business facility investment in such facility shall be reduced by the average amount, computed as provided in subdivision (14) of section 135.950 for new business facility investment, of the investment of the taxpayer, or related taxpayer immediately preceding such expansion or replacement or at the time of acquisition. Furthermore, the amount of the taxpayer's new business facility

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- investment shall also be reduced by the amount of investment employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer which was subsequently transferred to the new business facility from another Missouri facility and for which credits authorized in this section are not being earned, whether such credits are earned because of an expansion, acquisition, relocation, or the establishment of a new facility.
 - 10. For a taxpayer with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or shareholders, the credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period.
 - 11. Credits may not be carried forward but shall be claimed for the taxable year during which commencement of commercial operations occurs at such new business facility, and for each of the nine succeeding taxable years for which the credit is issued.
 - 12. Certificates of tax credit authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferree, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department. The sale price cannot be less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits.
 - 13. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the taxpayer to the extent that the amount of credits allowed in this section exceeds the amount of the taxpayer's income tax.
- 113 14. Prior to the issuance of tax credits, the department shall verify through the department of revenue, or any other state department, that the tax 114 115 credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use tax or interest 116 or penalties on such taxes, or any delinquent fees or assessments levied by any 117 state department and through the department of insurance that the applicant 118 does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such delinquency shall not affect 119 the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except that the amount 120 of credits issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the 121 department of revenue or the department of insurance, or any other state 122 department, concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but 123 before July first of any year and the application of tax credits to such delinquency 124 causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall 125 be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and 126 additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits toward a tax 127 delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department, 128 and that department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed

- 129 by the applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income,
- 130 sales, and use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the
- 131 applicant, subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law.
 - 620.495. 1. This section shall be known as the "Small Business 2 Incubators Act".
 - 2. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,the following words and phrases shall mean:
 - (1) "Department", the department of economic development;
- 6 (2) "Incubator", a program in which small units of space may be leased by
 7 a tenant and in which management maintains or provides access to business
 8 development services for use by tenants or a program without infrastructure in
 9 which participants avail themselves of business development services to assist in
 10 the growth of their start-up small businesses;
- 11 (3) "Local sponsor" or "sponsor", an organization which enters into a 12 written agreement with the department to establish, operate and administer a 13 small business incubator program or to provide funding to an organization which 14 operates such a program;
- 15 (4) "Participant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or 16 corporation operating a business for profit through which the owner avails 17 himself or herself of business development services in an incubator program;
- 18 (5) "Tenant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or corporation 19 operating a business for profit and leasing or otherwise occupying space in an 20 incubator.
- 3. There is hereby established under the direction of the department a loan, loan guarantee and grant program for the establishment, operation and administration of small business incubators, to be known as the "Small Business Incubator Program". A local sponsor may submit an application to the department to obtain a loan, loan guarantee or grant to establish an incubator. Each application shall:
- 27 (1) Demonstrate that a program exists that can be transformed into an 28 incubator at a specified cost;
- 29 (2) Demonstrate the ability to directly provide or arrange for the provision 30 of business development services for tenants and participants of the 31 incubator. These services shall include, but need not be limited to, financial 32 consulting assistance, management and marketing assistance, business education, 33 and physical services;
- 34 (3) Demonstrate a potential for sustained use of the incubator program by 35 eligible tenants and participants, through a market study or other means;

- 36 (4) Demonstrate the ability to manage and operate the incubator program;
- 37 (5) Include such other information as the department may require through 38 its guidelines.
- 4. The department shall review and accept applications based on the following criteria:
 - (1) Ability of the local sponsor to carry out the provisions of this section;
- 42 (2) Economic impact of the incubator on the community;
- 43 (3) Conformance with areawide and local economic development plans, if 44 such exist;
- 45 (4) Location of the incubator, in order to encourage geographic distribution of incubators across the state.
- 5. Loans, loan guarantees and grants shall be administered in the following manner:
- (1) Loans awarded or guaranteed and grants awarded shall be used only for the acquisition and leasing of land and existing buildings, the rehabilitation of buildings or other facilities, construction of new facilities, the purchase of equipment and furnishings which are necessary for the creation and operation of the incubator, and business development services including, but not limited to, business management advising and business education;
- 55 (2) Loans, loan guarantees and grants may not exceed fifty percent of total 66 eligible project costs;
- 57 (3) Payment of interest and principal on loans may be deferred at the discretion of the department.
- 6. A local sponsor, or the organization receiving assistance through the local sponsor, shall have the following responsibilities and duties in establishing and operating an incubator with assistance from the small business incubator program:
- 63 (1) Secure title on a facility for the program or a lease of a facility for the 64 program;
- 65 (2) Manage the physical development of the incubator program, including 66 the provision of common conference or meeting space;
- 67 (3) Furnish and equip the program to provide business services to the tenants and participants;
 - (4) Market the program and secure eligible tenants and participants;
- 70 (5) Provide financial consulting, marketing and management assistance 71 services or arrange for the provision of these services for tenants and participants 72 of the incubator, including assistance in accessing private financial markets;
- 73 (6) Set rental and service fees:

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- 74 (7) Encourage the sharing of ideas between tenants and participants and 75 otherwise aid the tenants and participants in an innovative manner while they 76 are within the incubator;
- 77 (8) Establish policies and criteria for the acceptance of tenants and 78 participants into the incubator and for the termination of occupancy of tenants 79 so as to maximize the opportunity to succeed for the greatest number of tenants, 80 consistent with those specified in this section; and
 - (9) Provide a report to the department containing the identity of each tenant within the incubator, a brief description of the nature of the business of such tenant, and the date in which such tenant established tenancy within the incubator. Such report shall be updated on an annual basis and provided to the department.
 - 7. The department:
- 87 (1) May adopt such rules, statements of policy, procedures, forms and guidelines as may be necessary for the implementation of this section;
 - (2) May make loans, loan guarantees and grants to local sponsors for incubators:
- 91 (3) Shall ensure that local sponsors receiving loans, loan guarantees or 92 grants meet the conditions of this section;
 - (4) Shall receive and evaluate annual reports from local sponsors. Such annual reports shall include, but need not be limited to, a financial statement for the incubator, evidence that all tenants and participants in the program are eligible under the terms of this section, and a list of companies in the incubator.
- 97 8. The department of economic development is also hereby authorized to 98 review any previous loans made under this program and, where appropriate in 99 the department's judgment, convert such loans to grant status.
- 9. On or before January first of each year, the department shall provide a report to the governor, the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate which shall include, but need not be limited to:
- 103 (1) The number of applications for incubators submitted to the 104 department;
- 105 (2) The number of applications for incubators approved by the 106 department;
- 107 (3) The number of incubators created through the small business 108 incubator program;
- 109 (4) The number of tenants and participants engaged in each incubator;
- 110 (5) The number of jobs provided by each incubator and tenants and 111 participant of each incubator;

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- 112 (6) The occupancy rate of each incubator;
- 113 (7) The number of firms still operating in the state after leaving 114 incubators and the number of jobs they have provided; and
 - (8) The identity of all current tenants, a brief description of the nature of the business of such tenants, and the date in which such tenants established tenancy within incubators in this state.
 - 10. There is hereby established in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Missouri Small Business Incubators Fund", which shall consist of all moneys which may be appropriated to it by the general assembly, and also any gifts, contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other sources. Moneys for loans, loan guarantees and grants under the small business incubator program may be obtained from appropriations made by the general assembly from the Missouri small business incubators fund. Any moneys remaining in the Missouri small business incubators fund at the end of any fiscal year shall not lapse to the general revenue fund, as provided in section 33.080, RSMo, but shall remain in the Missouri small business incubators fund.
 - 11. For any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, a taxpayer, including any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, RSMo, shall be entitled to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, or chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, in the amount of fifty percent of any amount contributed by the taxpayer to the Missouri small business incubators fund during the taxpayer's tax year or any contribution by the taxpayer to a local sponsor after the local sponsor's application has been accepted and approved by the department. The tax credit allowed by this subsection shall be claimed by the taxpayer at the time he files his return and shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, or chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, after all other credits provided by law have been applied. That portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years. The aggregate of all tax credits authorized under this section shall not exceed [five hundred thousand] two million dollars in any taxable year.
 - 12. Notwithstanding any provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 11 of this section under the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the

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150 assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or 151 otherwise transfer earned tax credits:

- 152 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; 153 and
- 154 (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned 155 credits.

The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose 156 157 of this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, or chapter 158 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 159 160 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be carried forward for up to five years. The assignor shall enter into a written 161 162 agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of the 163 agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department of 164 economic development in writing within thirty calendar days following the 165 effective day of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required 166 by the department of economic development to administer and carry out the 167 provisions of this section. The director of the department of economic development shall prescribe the method for submitting applications for claiming 168 the tax credit allowed under subsection 11 of this section and shall, if the 169 application is approved, certify to the director of revenue that the taxpayer 170 claiming the credit has satisfied all the requirements specified in this section and 171172is eligible to claim the credit.

620.1878. For the purposes of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Approval", a document submitted by the department to the qualified company that states the benefits that may be provided by this program;
 - (2) "Average wage", the new payroll divided by the number of new jobs;
- (3) "Commencement of operations", the starting date for the qualified company's first new employee, which must be no later than twelve months from the date of the approval;
- 9 (4) "County average wage", the average wages in each county as
 10 determined by the department for the most recently completed full calendar
 11 year. However, if the computed county average wage is above the statewide
 12 average wage, the statewide average wage shall be deemed the county average
 13 wage for such county for the purpose of determining eligibility. The department
 14 shall publish the county average wage for each county at least
 15 annually. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision to the contrary, for

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any qualified company that in conjunction with their project is relocating employees from a Missouri county with a higher county average wage, the company shall obtain the endorsement of the governing body of the community from which jobs are being relocated or the county average wage for their project shall be the county average wage for the county from which the employees are being relocated;

- (5) "Department", the Missouri department of economic development;
- 23 (6) "Director", the director of the department of economic development;
 - (7) "Employee", a person employed by a qualified company;
 - (8) "Full-time employee", an employee of the qualified company that is scheduled to work an average of at least thirty-five hours per week for a twelve-month period, and one for which the qualified company offers health insurance and pays at least fifty percent of such insurance premiums;
- 29 (9) "High-impact project", a qualified company that, within two years from 30 commencement of operations, creates one hundred or more new jobs;
 - (10) "Local incentives", the present value of the dollar amount of direct benefit received by a qualified company for a project facility from one or more local political subdivisions, but shall not include loans or other funds provided to the qualified company that must be repaid by the qualified company to the political subdivision;
 - (11) "NAICS", the 1997 edition of the North American Industry Classification System as prepared by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget. Any NAICS sector, subsector, industry group or industry identified in this section shall include its corresponding classification in subsequent federal industry classification systems;
- 41 (12) "New direct local revenue", the present value of the dollar amount of 42 direct net new tax revenues of the local political subdivisions likely to be 43 produced by the project over a ten-year period as calculated by the department, 44 excluding local earnings tax, and net new utility revenues, provided the local 45 incentives include a discount or other direct incentives from utilities owned or 46 operated by the political subdivision;
- 47 (13) "New investment", the purchase or leasing of new tangible assets to 48 be placed in operation at the project facility, which will be directly related to the 49 new jobs;
 - (14) "New job", the number of full-time employees located at the project facility that exceeds the project facility base employment less any decrease in the number of full-time employees at related facilities below the related facility base employment. No job that was created prior to the date of the notice of intent

- shall be deemed a new job. An employee that spends less than fifty percent of the employee's work time at the facility is still considered to be located at a facility if the employee receives his or her directions and control from that facility, is on the facility's payroll, one hundred percent of the employee's income from such employment is Missouri income, and the employee is paid at or above the state average wage;
 - (15) "New payroll", the amount of taxable wages of full-time employees, excluding owners, located at the project facility that exceeds the project facility base payroll. If full-time employment at related facilities is below the related facility base employment, any decrease in payroll for full-time employees at the related facilities below that related facility base payroll shall also be subtracted to determine new payroll;
- (16) "Notice of intent", a form developed by the department, completed by 67 the qualified company and submitted to the department which states the 68 qualified company's intent to hire new jobs and request benefits under this 69 program;
- 70 (17) "Percent of local incentives", the amount of local incentives divided 71 by the amount of new direct local revenue;
- 72 (18) "Program", the Missouri quality jobs program provided in sections 73 620.1875 to 620.1890;
 - (19) "Project facility", the building used by a qualified company at which the new jobs and new investment will be located. A project facility may include separate buildings that are located within one mile of each other **or within the** same county such that their purpose and operations are interrelated;
 - (20) "Project facility base employment", the greater of the number of full-time employees located at the project facility on the date of the notice of intent or for the twelve-month period prior to the date of the notice of intent, the average number of full-time employees located at the project facility. In the event the project facility has not been in operation for a full twelve-month period, the average number of full-time employees for the number of months the project facility has been in operation prior to the date of the notice of intent;
 - (21) "Project facility base payroll", the total amount of taxable wages paid by the qualified company to full-time employees of the qualified company located at the project facility in the twelve months prior to the notice of intent, not including the payroll of the owners of the qualified company unless the qualified company is participating in an employee stock ownership plan. For purposes of calculating the benefits under this program, the amount of base payroll shall increase each year based on an appropriate measure, as determined by the

- 92 department;
- 93 (22) "Project period", the time period that the benefits are provided to a 94 qualified company;
- 95 (23) "Qualified company", a firm, partnership, joint venture, association, private or public corporation whether organized for profit or not, or headquarters of such entity registered to do business in Missouri that is the owner or operator of a project facility, offers health insurance to all full-time employees of all facilities located in this state, and pays at least fifty percent of such insurance premiums. For the purposes of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the term "qualified company" shall not include:
- 102 (a) Gambling establishments (NAICS industry group 7132);
- 103 (b) Retail trade establishments (NAICS sectors 44 and 45);
- 104 (c) Food and drinking places (NAICS subsector 722);
- 105 (d) Public utilities (NAICS 221 including water and sewer services);
- 106 (e) Any company that is delinquent in the payment of any nonprotested 107 taxes or any other amounts due the state or federal government or any other 108 political subdivision of this state;
- 109 (f) Any company that has filed for or has publicly announced its intention 110 to file for bankruptcy protection;
- 111 (g) Educational services (NAICS sector 61);
- 112 (h) Religious organizations (NAICS industry group 8131); or
- (i) Public administration (NAICS sector 92).
- Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the headquarters
- 115 or administrative offices of an otherwise excluded business may qualify for
- 116 benefits if the offices serve a multistate territory. In the event a national, state,
- 117 or regional headquarters operation is not the predominant activity of a project
- 118 facility, the new jobs and investment of such headquarters operation is considered
- 119 eligible for benefits under this section if the other requirements are satisfied;
- 120 (24) "Qualified renewable energy sources", means:
- 121 (a) Open-looped biomass;
- (b) Close-looped biomass;
- 123 (c) Solar;
- 124 (d) Wind;
- (e) Geothermal;
- 126 (f) Hydropower;
- 127 (25) "Related company" means:
- 128 (a) A corporation, partnership, trust, or association controlled by the 129 qualified company;

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- 130 (b) An individual, corporation, partnership, trust, or association in control 131 of the qualified company; or
- 132 (c) Corporations, partnerships, trusts or associations controlled by an 133 individual, corporation, partnership, trust or association in control of the 134 qualified company. As used in this subdivision, control of a corporation shall mean ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing at least fifty percent 135136 of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, control 137 of a partnership or association shall mean ownership of at least fifty percent of 138 the capital or profits interest in such partnership or association, control of a trust 139 shall mean ownership, directly or indirectly, of at least fifty percent of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of such trust, and ownership shall 140 be determined as provided in Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 141as amended; 142
- [(25)] (26) "Related facility", a facility operated by the qualified company or a related company located in this state that is directly related to the operations of the project facility;
 - [(26)] (27) "Related facility base employment", the greater of the number of full-time employees located at all related facilities on the date of the notice of intent or for the twelve-month period prior to the date of the notice of intent, the average number of full-time employees located at all related facilities of the qualified company or a related company located in this state;
 - [(27)] (28) "Related facility base payroll", the total amount of taxable wages paid by the qualified company to full-time employees of the qualified company located at a related facility in the twelve months prior to the filing of the notice of intent, not including the payroll of the owners of the qualified company unless the qualified company is participating in an employee stock ownership plan. For purposes of calculating the benefits under this program, the amount of related facility base payroll shall increase each year based on an appropriate measure, as determined by the department;
 - [(28)] (29) "Rural area", a county in Missouri with a population less than seventy-five thousand or that does not contain an individual city with a population greater than fifty thousand according to the most recent federal decennial census:
- [(29)] (30) "Small and expanding business project", a qualified company that within two years of the date of the approval creates a minimum of twenty new jobs if the project facility is located in a rural area or a minimum of forty new jobs if the project facility is not located in a rural area and creates fewer than one hundred new jobs regardless of the location of the project facility;

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[(30)] (31) "Tax credits", tax credits issued by the department to offset the state income taxes imposed by chapters 143 and 148, RSMo, or which may be sold or refunded as provided for in this program;

[(31)] (32) "Technology business project", a qualified company that within two years of the date of the approval creates a minimum of ten new jobs involved in the operations of a technology company as determined by a regulation promulgated by the department under the provisions of section 620.1884 or classified by NAICS codes; or which researches, develops, or manufactures power system technology for: aerospace; space; defense; hybrid vehicles; or implantable or wearable medical devices or which owns or leases a facility which produces electricity derived from qualified renewable energy sources, or produces fuel for the generation of electricity from qualified renewable energy sources, but does not include any company that has received the alcohol mixture credit, alcohol credit, or small ethanol producer credit under 26 U.S.C. Section 40 of the tax code in the previous tax year;

[(32)] (33) "Withholding tax", the state tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo. For purposes of this program, the withholding tax shall be computed using a schedule as determined by the department based on average wages.

620.1881. 1. The department of economic development shall respond within thirty days to a company who provides a notice of intent with either an approval or a rejection of the notice of intent. The department shall give preference to qualified companies and projects targeted at an area of the state which has recently been classified as a disaster area by the federal government. Failure to respond on behalf of the department of economic 7 development shall result in the notice of intent being deemed an approval for the purposes of this section. A qualified company who is provided an approval for a project shall be allowed a benefit as provided in this program in the amount and duration provided in this section. A qualified company may receive additional 10 11 periods for subsequent new jobs at the same facility after the full initial period if the minimum thresholds are met as set forth in sections 620.1875 to 12 620.1890. There is no limit on the number of periods a qualified company may 13 14 participate in the program, as long as the minimum thresholds are achieved and 15 the qualified company provides the department with the required reporting and 16 is in proper compliance for this program or other state programs. A qualified company may elect to file a notice of intent to start a new project period 17 concurrent with an existing project period if the minimum thresholds are 18

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achieved and the qualified company provides the department with the required reporting and is in proper compliance for this program and other state programs; however, the qualified company may not receive any further benefit under the original approval for jobs created after the date of the new notice of intent, and any jobs created before the new notice of intent may not be included as new jobs for the purpose of benefit calculation in relation to the new approval.

- 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any qualified company that is awarded benefits under this program may not simultaneously receive tax credits or exemptions under sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to 135.286, section 135.535, or sections 135.900 to 135.906, RSMo, at the same project facility. The benefits available to the company under any other state programs for which the company is eligible and which utilize withholding tax from the new jobs of the company must first be credited to the other state program before the withholding retention level applicable under the Missouri quality jobs act will begin to accrue. These other state programs include, but are not limited to, the new jobs training program under sections 178.892 to 178.896, RSMo, the job retention program under sections 178.760 to 178.764, RSMo, the real property tax increment allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, RSMo, or the Missouri downtown and rural economic stimulus act under sections 99.915 to 99.980, RSMo. If any qualified company also participates in the new jobs training program in sections 178.892 to 178.896, RSMo, the company shall retain no withholding tax, but the department shall issue a refundable tax credit for the full amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits which may be issued to a qualifying company that also participates in the new job training program shall be increased by an amount equivalent to the withholding tax retained by that company under the new jobs training program. However, if the combined benefits of the quality jobs program and the new jobs training program exceed the projected state benefit of the project, as determined by the department of economic development through a cost-benefit analysis, the increase in the maximum tax credits shall be limited to the amount that would not cause the combined benefits to exceed the projected state benefit. Any taxpayer who is awarded benefits under this program who knowingly hires individuals who are not allowed to work legally in the United States shall immediately forfeit such benefits and shall repay the state an amount equal to any state tax credits already redeemed and any withholding taxes already retained.
 - 3. The types of projects and the amount of benefits to be provided are:
- (1) Small and expanding business projects: in exchange for the

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consideration provided by the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to the withholding tax as calculated under subdivision (32) of section 620.1878 from the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, for a period of three years from the date the required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage or for a period of five years from the date the required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage;

- (2) Technology business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to a maximum of five percent of new payroll for a period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created from the withholding tax of the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage. An additional one-half percent of new payroll may be added to the five percent maximum if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located, plus an additional one-half percent of new payroll may be added if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred forty percent of the average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference between the amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by the company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit due to the qualified company under this subdivision. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits that may be issued to any qualified company for a project or combination of projects is five hundred thousand dollars;
- (3) High impact projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount from the withholding tax of the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, equal to three percent of new payroll for a period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created if the average wage of the

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new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage of the county in which the 96 project facility is located. The percentage of payroll allowed under this 97 subdivision shall be three and one-half percent of new payroll if the average wage 98 of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. The percentage of payroll allowed under this subdivision shall be four percent of new 100 101 payroll if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred 102 forty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project 103 facility is located. An additional one percent of new payroll may be added to these percentages if local incentives equal between ten percent and twenty-four 104 105 percent of the new direct local revenue; an additional two percent of new payroll is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal between twenty-five 106 percent and forty-nine percent of the new direct local revenue; or an additional 107 108 three percent of payroll is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal 109 fifty percent or more of the new direct local revenue. The department shall issue 110 a refundable tax credit for any difference between the amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by the 112 company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit due to the qualified company under this subdivision. The 113 calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits that may be issued to any 114 qualified company for a project or combination of projects is seven hundred fifty 115thousand dollars. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that 116 may be issued to any qualified company for a project or combination of projects may be increased up to one million dollars if the number of new jobs will exceed five hundred and if such action is proposed by the department and approved by 120 the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the 123 director of the department of economic development. In considering such a 124request, the task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the department when requesting the increased limit on behalf of the project;

- (4) Job retention projects: a qualified company may receive a tax credit for the retention of jobs in this state, provided the qualified company and the project meets all of the following conditions:
- (a) For each of the twenty-four months preceding the year in which application for the program is made the qualified company must have maintained at least one thousand full-time employees at the employer's site in the state at

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which the jobs are based, and the average wage of such employees must meet or exceed the county average wage;

- (b) The qualified company retained at the project facility the level of full-time employees that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in which application for the program is made;
- (c) The qualified company is considered to have a significant statewide effect on the economy, and has been determined to represent a substantial risk of relocation from the state by the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development;
- (d) The qualified company in the project facility will cause to be invested a minimum of seventy million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years or will cause to be invested a minimum of thirty million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years and maintain an annual payroll of at least seventy million dollars during each of the years for which a credit is claimed; and
- (e) The local taxing entities shall provide local incentives of at least fifty percent of the new direct local revenues created by the project over a ten-year period.

The quality jobs advisory task force may recommend to the department of economic development that appropriate penalties be applied to the company for violating the agreement. The amount of the job retention credit granted may be equal to up to fifty percent of the amount of withholding tax generated by the full-time jobs at the project facility for a period of five years. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that may be issued to any qualified company for a job retention project or combination of job retention projects shall be seven hundred fifty thousand dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up to one million dollars if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development. In considering such a request, the task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the department when requesting the increased limit on behalf of the job retention project. In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits issued for the entire job retention program under this subdivision exceed three million dollars annually. Notwithstanding the above, no tax credits

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- shall be issued for job retention projects approved by the department after August 30, [2007] **2013**;
- 173 (5) Small business job retention and flood survivor relief: a qualified 174 company may receive a tax credit under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 for the 175 retention of jobs and flood survivor relief in this state for each job retained over 176 a three-year period, provided that:
- 177 (a) The qualified company did not receive any state or federal benefits, 178 incentives, or tax relief or abatement in locating its facility in a flood plain;
- 179 (b) The qualified company and related companies have fewer than one 180 hundred employees at the time application for the program is made;
- 181 (c) The average wage of the qualified company's and related companies' 182 employees must meet or exceed the county average wage;
- 183 (d) All of the qualified company's and related companies' facilities are located in this state;
- (e) The facilities at the primary business site in this state have been directly damaged by floodwater rising above the level of a five hundred year flood at least two years, but fewer than eight years, prior to the time application is made;
 - (f) The qualified company made significant efforts to protect the facilities prior to any impending danger from rising floodwaters;
 - (g) For each year it receives tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the qualified company and related companies retained, at the company's facilities in this state, at least the level of full-time, year-round employees that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in which application for the program is made; and
- (h) In the years it receives tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the company cumulatively invests at least two million dollars in capital improvements in facilities and equipment located at such facilities that are not located within a five hundred year flood plain as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and amended from time to time.
 - The amount of the small business job retention and flood survivor relief credit granted may be equal to up to one hundred percent of the amount of withholding tax generated by the full-time jobs at the project facility for a period of three years. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that may be issued to any qualified company for a small business job retention and survivor relief project shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up to five hundred thousand dollars if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs advisory

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209 task force established in section 620.1887. In considering such a request, the 210 task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the 211 department when requesting an increase in the limit on behalf of the small 212 business job retention and flood survivor relief project. In no event shall the total 213 amount of all tax credits issued for the entire small business job retention and 214 flood survivor relief program under this subdivision exceed five hundred thousand 215 dollars annually. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision to the 216 contrary, no tax credits shall be issued for small business job retention and flood 217 survivor relief projects approved by the department after August 30, 2010.

- 4. The qualified company shall provide an annual report of the number of jobs and such other information as may be required by the department to document the basis for the benefits of this program. The department may withhold the approval of any benefits until it is satisfied that proper documentation has been provided, and shall reduce the benefits to reflect any reduction in full-time employees or new payroll. Upon approval by the department, the qualified company may begin the retention of the withholding taxes when it reaches the minimum number of new jobs and the average wage exceeds the county average wage. Tax credits, if any, may be issued upon satisfaction by the department that the qualified company has exceeded the county average wage and the minimum number of new jobs. In such annual report, if the average wage is below the county average wage, the qualified company has not maintained the employee insurance as required, or if the number of new jobs is below the minimum, the qualified company shall not receive tax credits or retain the withholding tax for the balance of the benefit period. In the case of a qualified company that initially filed a notice of intent and received an approval from the department for high impact benefits and the minimum number of new jobs in an annual report is below the minimum for high impact projects, the company shall not receive tax credits for the balance of the benefit period but may continue to retain the withholding taxes if it otherwise meets the requirements of a small and expanding business under this program.
- 5. The maximum calendar year annual tax credits issued for the entire program shall not exceed [forty] sixty million dollars. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the maximum annual tax credits authorized under section 135.535, RSMo, are hereby reduced from ten million dollars to eight million dollars, with the balance of two million dollars transferred to this program. There shall be no limit on the amount of withholding taxes that may be retained by approved companies under this program.
 - 6. The department shall allocate the annual tax credits based on the date

of the approval, reserving such tax credits based on the department's best estimate of new jobs and new payroll of the project, and the other factors in the determination of benefits of this program. However, the annual issuance of tax credits is subject to the annual verification of the actual new payroll. The allocation of tax credits for the period assigned to a project shall expire if, within two years from the date of commencement of operations, or approval if applicable, the minimum thresholds have not been achieved. The qualified company may retain authorized amounts from the withholding tax under this section once the minimum new jobs thresholds are met for the duration of the project period. No benefits shall be provided under this program until the qualified company meets the minimum new jobs thresholds. In the event the qualified company does not meet the minimum new job threshold, the qualified company may submit a new notice of intent or the department may provide a new approval for a new project of the qualified company at the project facility or other facilities.

- 7. For a qualified company with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or shareholders, the tax credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the qualified company's tax period.
- 8. Tax credits may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, RSMo, and may not be carried forward but shall be claimed within one year of the close of the taxable year for which they were issued, except as provided under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section.
- 9. Tax credits authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferree, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department.
- 10. Prior to the issuance of tax credits, the department shall verify through the department of revenue, or any other state department, that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use tax or interest or penalties on such taxes, or any delinquent fees or assessments levied by any state department and through the department of insurance that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except that at issuance credits shall be first applied to the delinquency and any amount issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue or the department of insurance, or any other state department, concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first of any year and

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285 the application of tax credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to 286 satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and additions to tax shall be 287 288 tolled. After applying all available credits toward a tax delinquency, the 289 administering agency shall notify the appropriate department and that 290 department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the 291 applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and 292 use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the applicant, 293 subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law.

- 11. Except as provided under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section, the director of revenue shall issue a refund to the qualified company to the extent that the amount of credits allowed in this section exceeds the amount of the qualified company's income tax.
- 298 12. An employee of a qualified company will receive full credit for the amount of tax withheld as provided in section 143.211, RSMo.
- 13. If any provision of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of these sections which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end, the provisions of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 are hereby declared severable.

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